## LA7975 <br> Monolithic Linear IC

## Overview

The LA7975 is an IC that converts PAL SIF signals $(5.5 \mathrm{MHz}, 6 \mathrm{MHz}$, and 6.5 MHz ) to 6 MHz . For the sake of high sound quality, this IC uses a unique mixer technique to supress interference from NICAM signals.

## Features

- Resistant to interference by NICAM signals.
- Small SIP-5 package.
- Wide range of usage voltage ( 5 V to 12 V ).


## Functions

- Mixer, amplifier, oscillator, oscillator mute.


## Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Operating Conditions at $/ \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recommended supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |  | V |
| Operating voltage range | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ op |  | 5 to 12 | V |



LA7975
Electrical Characteristics at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9 \mathrm{~V}$

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Conditions | Test point | Ratings |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | min |  |  | typ | max |  |
| Current drain |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | Pin 2 | 5 | 6.5 | 9 | mA |
| Conversion gain | 5.5 MHz | G5.5 | $80 \mathrm{~dB} / \mu \mathrm{V}$ input | Pin 5 | 10 | 13.5 | 17 | dB |
|  | 6.5 MHz | G6.5 | 80dB/ $\mu \mathrm{V}$ input | Pin 5 | 10 | 13.5 | 17 | dB |
|  | 6.0 MHz | G6.0 | $80 \mathrm{~dB} / \mu \mathrm{V}$ input, Pin 4 grounded with $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Pin 5 | 18.5 |  | 25.5 | dB |
| Oscillation level |  | $V_{\text {OSC }}$ |  | Pin 4 | 15 |  | 80 | mVp-p |
| Maximum output level |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ max | $5.5 \mathrm{MHz} 100 \mathrm{~dB} / \mu \mathrm{V}$ input | Pin 5 |  |  |  | $\mathrm{dB} / \mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| Input impedance |  | Ri | 5.5 MHz input |  |  | 4.8 |  | k $\Omega$ |
| Pin voltages |  | V1 |  | Pin 1 |  |  | 3.4 |  |
|  |  | V4 |  | Pin 4 | 7.6 | 8 | 8.4 |  |
|  |  | V5 |  | Pin 5 | 7.2 | 7.6 |  | V |
| 500 kHz level difference relative to 6 MHz |  | OSC leak |  | $\text { Pin } 5$ |  |  |  | dB |
| Maximum input level |  | $V_{\text {IN }}$ max |  |  | 90 |  |  | $\mathrm{dB} / \mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| Oscillation stop current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{4}$ |  | in |  |  | 300 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)
3042D


## Sample Application Circuit



Referance Example 1


## Referance Example 2




Figure 1


Figure 2

- Pin 1 is the SIF input pin.

The filter in Figure 2 can be connected to the input section to improve the buzz characteristic.
Figure 3 shows the characteristics for the filter in Figure 2.
If C1 is too small, the buzz characteristic improves for normal input, but the filter cuts into the sound carrier and the buzz characteristic deteriorates for the P/S (picture/sound carrier) ratio.
Use C1 $\approx 20 \mathrm{pF}$ to 47 pF .


Figure 3

- Pin 4 is the ceramic oscillator pin.

To make the oscillation waveform approach a sine wave,the oscillation level is controlled internally.
Oscillation leyels of 15 to 80 mVp -p at Pin 4 give the waveform shown in Figure 5.
To stop oscillation, attach an external resistor as in Figure 6 and switch S1 on.

Here are the conditions for handling multiple systems.

| Input frequency | Oscillator | Pin 5 output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.5 MHz | 500 kHz | 6 MHz |
| 6.0 MHz | Oscillation stop | 6 MHz (pass through) |
| 6.5 MHz | 500 kHz | 6 MHz |
| 4.5 MHz | 1.5 MHz | 6 MHz |

Figure 7

Figure 8 shows a proposed multi-system


Figure 8


Figure 9


Reference Characteristic Diagram




This catalog provides information as of June, 2008. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

